required by these rules, respond to notices or correspondence from the Board, comply with orders of the Board, or otherwise indicates an intention not to continue the prosecution or defense of an appeal, the Board may issue an order requiring the offending party to show cause why the appeal should not be either dismissed or granted, as appropriate. If the offending party shall fail to show such cause, the Board may take such action as it deems reasonable and proper under the circumstances.

§ 955.33 Ex parte communications.

No member of the Board or of the Board's staff shall entertain, nor shall any person directly or indirectly involved in an appeal submit to the Board or the Board's staff, off the record, any evidence, explanation, analysis, or advice, whether written or oral, regarding any matter at issue in an appeal. This provision does not apply to consultation among Board members nor to ex parte communications concerning the Board's administrative functions or procedures.

§ 955.34 Sanctions.

- (a) All parties and their attorneys must obey directions and orders prescribed by the Board and adhere to standards of conduct applicable to such parties and attorneys. As to an attorney, the standards include the rules of professional conduct and ethics of the jurisdictions in which that attorney is licensed to practice, to the extent that those rules are relevant to conduct affecting the integrity of the Board, its process, or its proceedings.
- (b) If any party or its attorney fails to comply with any direction or order issued by the Board, or engages in misconduct affecting the Board, its process, or its proceedings, the Board may issue such orders as are just, including the imposition of appropriate sanctions. Sanctions may include:
- (1) Taking the facts pertaining to the matter in dispute to be established for the purpose of the case;
- (2) Forbidding challenge of the accuracy of any evidence:
- (3) Refusing to allow the disobedient party to support or oppose designated claims or defenses;

- (4) Prohibiting the disobedient party from introducing in evidence designated documents or testimony;
- (5) Striking pleadings or parts thereof, or staying further proceedings until the order is obeyed;
- (6) Dismissing or granting the case or any part thereof;
- (7) Imposing such other sanctions as the Board deems appropriate.
- (c) In addition, the Board may sanction individual attorneys for a violation of any Board order or direction or standard of conduct applicable to such individual where the violation seriously affects the integrity of the Board, its process, or its proceedings. Sanctions may be public or private, and may include admonishment, disqualification from a particular matter, disqualification from practice before the Board in accordance with 39 CFR Part 951, referral to an appropriate licensing authority, or such other action as circumstances may warrant.

§ 955.35 Subpoenas.

- (a) General. Upon written request of either party filed with the Recorder, or on the Board's own initiative, the Board may issue a subpoena requiring:
- (1) Testimony at a deposition. The deposing of a witness in the city or county where the witness resides or is employed or transacts business in person, or at another convenient location as determined by the Board;
- (2) Testimony at a hearing. The attendance of a witness for the purpose of taking testimony at a hearing; or
- (3) Production of books and papers. The production by a witness of books, papers, documents, electronically stored information, and other tangible and intangible things designated in the subpoena.
- (b) *Voluntary cooperation*. Each party is expected:
- (1) To cooperate and make available witnesses and evidence under its control as requested by the other party, without issuance of a subpoena; and
- (2) To secure voluntary attendance of desired third-party witnesses, books, papers, documents, or tangible things whenever possible.
- (c) Requests for subpoenas. (1) A request for a subpoena shall normally be filed at least: